
The Use of Conjunctions in the Kompas Newspaper

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Abstract

The purpose of writing this article is to describe the use of conjunctions in the Kompas Newspaper. The data collected is the conjunction in the July 2021 edition of the Opinion section of the Kompas Newspaper. Based on the data collected, the Opinion in the July 2021 Edition of the Kompas Newspaper totals 12 titles. Data collection was carried out using note-taking techniques. Data analysis is done by classifying and identifying. From the data that has been processed, it is concluded that there are two conjunctions found in the Opinion of the July 2021 Edition of the Kompas Newspaper, namely coordinative and subordinating conjunctions. The tendency of the conjunction used is the subordinating conjunction.

Keywords: Morphological Analysis, Conjunctions, Newspapers

Introduction

Communication activity has one of the most important aspects, namely language. In communication activities, language is a must for these activities to be achieved. Humans communicate with various media used. One of the media used in communicating is with print mass media such as newspapers or newspapers. Newspaper is one of the information and communication media in the form of writing which is in great demand by the public. Newspapers contain articles that usually contain information about corruption, sports, accidents, health, and so on.

In recent years there have been many new newspapers which also include one of the local newspapers. The large number of requests from the public who want local news and the many newspapers that have sprung up indicates that not only electronic mass media are developing, but mass media in the form of newspapers are also in a developing stage at this time. This is proof that newspapers, especially local newspapers, have their own existence for news enthusiasts because they include facts and there is no doubt about their authenticity.

Newspapers certainly cannot be separated from the use of good and correct Indonesian. A good newspaper is when the appropriate words or word forms are contained in the newspaper or what is better known as the aspect of the study of Indonesian morphology. In newspapers, of course, there are various uses of conjunctions or what is more commonly known as conjunctions. Conjunctions in a newspaper are not just one, but many that make the newspaper better to read. In newly published newspapers and local newspapers, conjunctions or conjunctions have become daily food for newspaper writers. Not only in newspapers, wherever we do language activities, there are always conjunctions in it either consciously or unconsciously we do or say. This conjunction has many types in its grouping, one of which is coordinating and subordinating conjunctions. These two conjunctions are conjunctions that are commonly used in daily speech and activities. We always encounter this conjunction every time we say words or in conversations with other people as well as in newspapers, especially local newspapers.

In writing this article, the author formulates the problem: 1) How to write coordinating conjunctions in the opinion section of the Kompas newspaper, the July 2021 edition? 2) How to write subordinating conjunctions in the opinion section of the Kompas newspaper, the July 2021 edition?

The purpose of writing this article is to describe and identify the coordinating and subordinating conjunctions in the opinion section of the Kompas newspaper, the July 2021 edition. Provides a grouping of conjunctions found in the opinion section of the Kompas newspaper, the July 2021 edition.

The author hopes that writing this article will provide benefits, firstly to provide knowledge so that you know where the parts of coordinative and subordinate conjunctions are located, secondly to become a reference for each individual so that they can better use conjunctions in writing an article that will be published and read by many people.

To support the writing of this article, it is necessary to put forward theories related to the problem and the scope of the discussion as the basis for making this article.

Methods

This study uses a qualitative approach with the type of text study research. This qualitative approach is used to explore and explain the results of the analysis regarding the object under study, namely coordinative and subordinative conjunctions in the opinion section of the Kompas newspaper, the July 2021 edition. This qualitative approach describes the phenomenon textually. This qualitative approach describes the phenomenon textually. The research method used in this research is descriptive research method.

Data collection was carried out using note-taking techniques. Data analysis was carried out by grouping and identifying coordinating and subordinating conjunctions in the opinion section of the Kompas newspaper, the July 2021 edition.

Checking the validity of the data was carried out in writing this article in two ways, namely (1) persistence in observing data, and (2) checking colleagues through discussion activities. With persistence in observation, researchers observed in depth and examined all data sources, both theoretically and practically, regarding the use of coordinating and subordinating conjunctions in the opinion section of the Kompas newspaper, the July 2021 edition.

Results and Discussion

Based on the results of an analysis of the use of Indonesian conjunctions found in the July 2021 edition of the Kompas newspaper, which consists of coordinating conjunctions and subordinating conjunctions. The use of these conjunctions will be analyzed based on the data obtained in the July 2021 edition of the Kompas newspaper. The use of these two conjunctions will be analyzed based on the data obtained in the July 2021 edition of the Kompas newspaper.

Coordinating Conjunctions

The coordinating conjunctions found in the July 2021 edition of the Kompas newspaper are *dan*, *namun*, *atau*, *dari*, *tetapi*, *bahkan*, *serta*, and *padahal*. The data are as follows.

Table 1. Coordinating Conjunctions

Data	Sentences	Conjunctions
Datum 1	Sebagai pembaca setia <i>Kompas</i> sejak kuliah, 2002, saya termasuk rajin mengoleksi <i>Kompas</i> , khususnya kolom Opini. Menurut saya, kolom Opini <i>Kompas</i> penting dan mahal ilmunya.	Coordinating Conjunction <i>dan</i>
Datum 2	Ia tahu risiko petugas medis yang terlibat dalam perawatan penderita Covid-19 dan sudah berusaha keras menjaga dirinya agar tidak tertular. Namun , ternyata ia tertular pasiennya.	Coordinating Conjunction <i>namun</i>

Datum 3	Proses integrasi harus dilakukan atau paling tidak akses <i>view</i> harus segera bisa diterapkan.	Coordinating Conjunction <i>atau</i>
Datum 4	Menurut Prof Hitoshi Oshitani, anggota panel penasihat Covid-19 untuk pemerintah Jepang dari Tohoku University, penumpang transportasi umum di Jepang biasanyatidak berbicara dengan penumpang lain.	Coordinating Conjunction <i>dari</i>
Datum 5	Dari perilaku penumpang dan dari desain arsitektur fasilitas transportasi umum, kita dapat banyak belajar. Tidak sekedar belajar, tetapi juga menerakannya dalam berbagai hal.	Coordinating Conjunction <i>tetapi</i>
Datum 6	Dalam kasus Adelin Lis dan Hendra Subrata, sebenarnya mereka sering kali keluar masuk Singapura, Malaysia, China, Taiwan, bahkan Jepang dalam kurun waktu lebih dari 10 tahun.	Coordinating Conjunction <i>bahkan</i>
Datum 7	Seperti yang dilakukan di Aceh, Indonesia dapat berfokus pada peluang dan kebutuhannya dalam melakukan transisi energi dan tata guna lahan menuju masa depan yang rendah karbon. Di sektor tata guna lahan, terdapat peluang untuk berinvestasi dalam pertanian bernilai lebih tinggi, perencanaan penggunaan lahan yang efisien, serta mengurangi Deforestasi dan kebakaran, yang didukung pendanaan iklim.	Coordinating Conjunction <i>serta</i>
Datum 8	Indonesia belum masuk dalam lima besar negara pengekspor produk pangan halal ke negara-negara Muslim. Padahal , ekspor produk makanan-minuman tumbuh rata-rata 8,16 persen per tahun.	Coordinating Conjunction <i>padahal</i>

Subordinating Conjunctions

The subordinating conjunctions found in the July 2021 edition of the Kompas newspaper are *setelah, jika, apabila, karena, sampai, ketika, bahwa, daripada, bahwa, yang, and waktu*. The data are as follows.

Table 2. Subordinating Conjunctions

Data	Sentences	Conjunctions
Datum 9	Antrean in sampai ke koridor rumah sakit, bahkan ada pasien yang dirawat di ambulans dan mobil bak terbuka, dengan infus menempel di tangan. Benar-benar suatu pemandangan yang memilukan. Lonjakan ini terjadi ka-rena satu hal saja: kebodohan kolektif bangsa.	Subordinating Conjunction <i>dengan</i>
Datum 10	Dampak negatif dari aktivitas penambangan di wilayah dasar laut yang lebih tinggi	Subordinating Conjunction <i>yang</i>

	dibandingkan di wilayah darat membuat beberapa perusahaan raksasa teknologi, yang produknya bergantung pada ketersediaan logam mineral, tidak bersedia untuk menggunakan logam mineral yang diperoleh dari penambangan dasar laut.	
Datum 11	Pada kasus Hendra Subrata sistem imigrasi Singapura tak bisa mendeteksi Penyalahgunaan ke imigrasian karena menggunakan nama Endang Rifai.	Subordinating Conjunction <i>karena</i>
Datum 12	Dalam sirkular ekonomi proses daur ulang memainkan peran penting dan melalui proses ini permintaan atas logam mi neral dapat dikurangi karena kebutuhan logam mineral sebagian akan dipenuhi dari proses daur ulang. Namun, dalam jangka pendek kondisi sirkular ekonomi sepertinya belum dapat tercapai sehingga target dekarbonisasi pada 2050 masih menggantungkan pada aktivitas penambangan.	Subordinating Conjunction <i>sehingga</i>
Datum 13	Sementara hampir semua stasiun kereta di negeri ini pun, termasuk halte bus Transjakarta, didesain terbuka. Desain senada dapat dijumpai mulai dari Tokyo, Seoul, Kuala Lumpur.	Subordinating Conjunction <i>sementara</i>
Datum 14	Saat ini, ketika ekonomi global berusaha bangkit dari dampak pandemi, para pemimpin dihadapkan pada pertanyaan yang sama: bisakah kita merancang pemulihan yang tidak hanya menyelamatkan nyawa dan menghasilkan pertumbuhan, tetapi juga pemulihan yang tangguh dan berkelanjutan dalam jangka panjang?	Subordinating Conjunction <i>ketika</i>
Datum 15	Dengan demikian, dapat dipastikan bahwa semua bagian masyarakat mendapatkan manfaat.	Subordinating Conjunction <i>bahwa</i>
Datum 16	Eichmann mengubah seluruh identitasnya hingga berhasil memiliki paspor dengan nama Richardo Klement untuk lolos dari kejaran Sekutu dan tinggal di Argentina selama belasan tahun.	Subordinating Conjunction <i>hingga</i>

Conclusion

Based on the description above, it can be concluded that a newspaper consists of several sections of opinion which, of course, in one opinion there are also conjunctions or connecting words that complete the opinion. The conjunctions studied in writing this article are coordinating and subordinating conjunctions. From these two conjunctions, there are several conjunctions that are often used in opinions found in the Kompas newspaper. The tendency of the conjunction that is often used is the subordinating

conjunction, because in the opinions studied, coordinating conjunctions appear more often than coordinating conjunctions.

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